

South Aroused Over Wilson's Labor Policies

Whole Political Structure Is Menaced by "Carpenter" Methods of Administration, Declare Senators

Envoys Stir Race Spirit

"Hands Off, or Electoral Votes Will Go to Republicans," Is Their Warning

New York Tribune Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The Democratic Administration is being charged by the South with inflicting a "carpenter government" on that section of the country. Important Southern Democrats in Washington are alarmed over this situation, which has been aggravated as the result of activities of the Labor Department in sending both negro and white "congressmen" into Dixie to solve labor questions.

Several Democratic Senators have told the Tribune correspondent they were more worried over this situation than they are over the revolt in the party against Postmaster General Burleson, because Secretary of Labor Wilson, they say, is tampering over the restoration of the whole political structure which has made the South what it is in politics. If Mr. Wilson keeps on, they declare, the South will not only vote for the Republican party next time, regarding that party as being less offensive, both on the negro and on state rights.

Kirby's Warning Recalled

A Southern Senator today called attention to a speech on both these questions made in New Orleans a few days ago by John H. Kirby, of Houston, Tex., president of the National Farmers' Association.

"Mr. Kirby," says a description of the speech in the New Orleans Times-Picayune, "a strong Democratic organ," called upon the Department of Labor to withdraw its white emissaries from the South and to cease interference with Southern labor. The sentiment met with enthusiastic applause. His audience responded appreciatively to a denunciation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation by the Federal Bureau, and to a charge of a "carpenter government" which Kirby made in the name of the Southern Farmers' Association. Kirby declared that the Federal Bureau of Investigation was a "carpenter government" which Kirby made in the name of the Southern Farmers' Association.

Interference Resented

"I shall be glad to confer with Mr. Post," Mr. Kirby told his New Orleans audience he had said to the secretary of the Labor Department, "if he wishes to see me, but I shall not see him when it comes to interfering with the South and when it comes to interfering with the South."

Wilson Declared a Radical

"It is rapidly becoming the conviction of thoughtful Democrats throughout the country, as well as in the South," said one prominent Democrat, "that Mr. Wilson is just as radical as his subordinate. As a result of this conviction I would not be surprised to see a movement to know under what conditions that man's executive delegation is elected to the next Democratic convention—either considerable money, or a considerable number of votes."

2 Killed as Mail Airship On Way to Paris Falls

PARIS, April 20.—An airship carrying mail from Strasbourg to Paris fell today near St. Didier. Two of the crew were burned to death and a third was seriously injured. The mail matter carried by the airship was destroyed.

Artistry may be a vague quality—but never an accidental one. Perfection isn't a thing one "stumbles on."

The style thought in these new Spring clothes is more than a mere coincidence. It is the result of painstaking effort and true understanding.

Representing the Metropolitan idea in apparel for men. And assuring correct grooming to the men we serve.

\$28 to \$65.

Weber and Heilbroner

Clothing, Haberdashery & Hatters—Eleven Stores

241 Broadway 345 Broadway 775 Broadway *1185 Broadway *44th and Broadway 1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau 29 Corland *30 Broad *42nd and Fifth Avenue

*CLOTHING AT THESE STORES

KAHLER SHOES

"For Men and Women."

Style Comfort and Quality.

OUR SHOES are made over lasts constructed scientifically and rest the arch. This effectively relieves the aching foot. Custom shoes are made for more than sixty years.

P. KAHLER & SONS
15-17 West 44th St.
Near 5th Ave., New York

Security League Has New Plans to Combat Bolsheviki

As one of the first moves in its campaign to combat Bolshevism in the United States, the National Security League is considering the formation of a "National High School Clearing House."

The purpose of this organization will be to bring together for discussion and suggestion the various methods in which the schools of the nation are teaching history and inculcating patriotism.

The clearing house was suggested at a recent meeting of New York City high school principals, called by Dr. Robert M. McElroy, educational director of the city. Following the meeting a call was issued to the high schools of the nation, urging that the patriotic work which they had carried on during the war be not abandoned now.

Envoys Antediluvians, Says Scott Nearing

The peace conference sitting at Paris was ridiculed as an aggregation of antediluvian gentlemen out of all touch with present times, in a lecture by Scott Nearing yesterday in Forward Hall, Rutgers Square.

"The combined ages of these gentlemen," said Dr. Nearing, "is some 1,182 years. The youngest of them is forty-two. The oldest is seventy-eight. The average age of the peace conference is sixty-three. Practically all these men had their minds already well formed and set in the roads they were to travel at the time the Franco-Prussian War was finished."

2 Killed as Mail Airship On Way to Paris Falls

PARIS, April 20.—An airship carrying mail from Strasbourg to Paris fell today near St. Didier. Two of the crew were burned to death and a third was seriously injured. The mail matter carried by the airship was destroyed.

Enemy Aliens Anxious To Be U. S. Citizens

Men Just Released From Parole Declare Their Intention to Make America Their Permanent Home

Treated Well, They Say

Deny Interest in Germany Since Bolshevism Gained Foothold in Government

Interviews with seven enemy aliens, picked at random from among 1,000 such persons here released from bond and parole by direction of Attorney General Palmer on April 19, yesterday developed these facts:

Six of them purpose renouncing their allegiance to Germany and becoming American citizens as quickly as possible.

The fear of Bolshevism, they asserted, will prevent many enemy aliens here from returning to Germany and will induce them to cast their lot with the United States.

Several of them were detained in prisons near here for short periods, but they declared they had been treated with the utmost consideration by Federal officials.

The men interviewed were persons who failed to register as enemy aliens or violated some of the minor regulations of the Federal proclamation of November 12, 1917.

One of those interviewed was Paul E. Potters, of 209 Wyckman Street, who came to this country from Germany when he was nine years old. He was arrested in 1917, and when the President ordered enemy aliens to register Potters failed to comply.

I thought that because of my youth when I came here I automatically became a citizen when I reached my majority," said Potters. "I've always considered myself a loyal American. I have a brother who fought with our boys in France. I didn't register with the enemy aliens."

"The first thing I knew some investigators questioned me. I was summoned to the Customs Building, and then shot to the jail at Trenton where I was detained for thirty days. Then I was released on parole."

Jobst Served On Transports

"When the Spanish American war broke out I served on transports as an engineer," he said yesterday. "But that didn't make me a citizen, although I had done my bit. I'd neglected to take out my papers, and then I was arrested last year on the grounds of being a suspicious alien, although I never knew what it was all about. I was interned for about three months before they released me on parole."

American Factory His Plan

"I mean to get my second papers and make this my home," he said. "It is my ultimate plan to go into the manufacturing of surgical instruments here. I believe this industry, which Germany developed so well before the war, has a great future here."

Arrested as Bomb Suspect

Gustav Pohlmann, a sign painter, of 229 Second Avenue, has been in the United States for fifteen years. He was arrested on suspicion that he was using acids for the manufacture of bombs in his establishment, in Second Avenue, he declared yesterday.

Ex-Servicemen's League Calls Meeting on Labor

The Soldiers, Sailors and Marines' Protective Association declared that the question of employment was the all-important one, in a statement given out yesterday announcing a meeting this evening at Cooper Union. It announced also that a national convention of soldiers and sailors' organizations will be held late in May.

In a declaration of principles accompanying the statement it was set forth that the most important features of any reconstruction program must be shortening the work day, granting a year's pay to discharged soldiers and sailors, vocational training for all service men, the repeal of laws forbidding discharged soldiers and sailors to wear their uniforms while acting as strike pickets, and the stimulation of public works construction.

Ohio Missionary Put On Trial by Japanese

SEOUL, Corea, April 17 (By The Associated Press).—The Rev. Eli M. Mowry, of Mansfield, Ohio, a Presbyterian missionary, was placed on trial today on the charge of having permitted Coreans to use his premises for disseminating propaganda for Korean independence. An official report says the defendant admitted sheltering five Coreans at different times, but denied any intention of helping them further their plans.

Socialist Sunday School on Alert To Welcome the Prying Reporter

The Socialist Sunday school directors of Manhattan and Brooklyn are now as much on the alert for investigation as when a Tribune reporter yesterday walked into the school at 167 Thompson Avenue, Williamsburg, the subject of the visit immediately was notified and the newspaper designated.

Information had been given to the director by the Rapid School of Social Science that such a visit might be expected. Under the circumstances, the teachers were immediately as equipped with the procedure at the Rapid School as at the Williamsburg school.

"When I read in last Monday's Tribune the account of what went on at the Rapid School Sunday School I couldn't believe that it was genuine," declared the director of the Williamsburg school. "I thought that the reporter must have attended the classes for several weeks, picked out the worst of what went on and taken up the article."

"As the article in The Tribune indicated," he continued, "some of the Sunday schools were doing the worst of what the others are doing. I have intended visiting the other Sunday schools, but never got around."

No Bolsheviki Present

"There are no Bolsheviki here. I am not one," said the director, who is an Irish-American. "We do not teach our children socialism. The main purpose of this school is to train them to think for themselves. We teach no creed or dogma, such as is taught in the papal and the Catholic and Protestant schools and churches."

Escorted From Class to Class

The Tribune reporter was escorted from class to class where children, following from five to thirteen years of age, were being "taught" as they were called in the Socialist Sunday school. The youngest were very harmlessly engaged in answering questions about the country—pastoral notes, the fruit of the soil and so forth.

Ireland Forced to Deal With England Only, Says Cohalan

Justice Says Great Britain Is Making \$200,000,000 a Year Out of Ireland and That Explains Her Policy

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 20.—Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, of the New York Supreme Court, charged England with cutting Ireland off from commercial contact with the rest of the world in an address here to-night at a meeting of the Friends of Irish Freedom. He asserted that 95 per cent of Irish foreign trade was done with England, because the Irish had been compelled to do business with her or not at all.

Bad as 750 Years Ago

Declaring that the "English diplomacy which has won and succeeded in every other part of the world, has failed ignominiously in Ireland," and that after 750 years of trial "Lloyd George confesses that English rule is unpopular in Ireland today," it was in the days of Oliver Cromwell," Justice Cohalan continued.

"England to-day governs Ireland not at a loss, as her apologists insist, but at a profit of more than \$200,000,000 a year. Last year she collected in Ireland, in direct taxation, more than \$150,000,000, and spent in Ireland in administration less than \$60,000,000, leaving as a profit, in direct taxation alone, nearly \$100,000,000."

"Last year the foreign business of Ireland amounted to over \$820,000,000, of which amount more than 95 per cent was done with England, not as a matter of choice by Ireland, but because of the fact that England has so completely cut Ireland off from all contact with the rest of the world that the only market in which Ireland can sell

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Creations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

The Individualized Department of Women's and Misses' SPORTS' APPAREL and COUNTRY CLOTHES

Features A large collection of distinctive modes of original design in "WORIMBO" CAMEL'S HAIR

Topcoats, Greatcoats and Capes with or without waistcoats—in the natural color of genuine pure camel's hair cloth.

ALSO "WORIMBO" WUL-BUK

an entirely new fabric

which lends itself with singular adaptability to women's sporting topcoats.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Call 360 Circle

Repairs and Remodeling at Special Summer Prices

Reynolds Bros.
DRY COOL STORAGE FOR FURS
5th Avenue at 53rd Street

her surplus products in England, and the only market in which she can buy those things which she requires is the English market.

Figures on Foreign Trade

"England did with America in 1913 a business of \$875,000,000; with Germany, then her greatest commercial rival, a business of \$350,000,000; with France, her close friend and the richest country per capita on earth, a business of \$325,000,000; with Ireland, a business of \$875,000,000, or as much as that done with Germany and France."

"The other countries all dealt with her as a matter of choice, because they could buy and sell from and to her at a better rate than they could buy and sell in any other market, but Ireland sold to England and bought from England only as a matter of necessity, upon the Englishman's terms, with the result that the Englishman made upon that business a greater profit than he

When the classes were over the children assembled in one room for the singing lesson, which is part of the routine at the Socialist Sunday schools. Each was given a book of Socialist songs published by the Brownie Sunday School, which meets in the Labor Lyceum at Brooklyn.

The rebel song which was sung with such familiarity and gusto at the Boston Road School is absent from the book, and it is known at the Williamsburg School. But in the book are a number of others equally insurrectionary in sentiment, although more subtly worded.

"Let us sing the 'Marseillaise,' the song of liberty—liberty that still lives on though Eugene Debs has gone to prison."

Ireland, Justice Cohalan asserted, "because the markets of Ireland would be thrown open to America instead of being, as they now are, a private preserve which is monopolized by England."

EVERY needle-worker on a Saks Garment is a Saks employee, so you see Saks Clothing is a Saks product from the labor to the label.

Suits: \$30 to \$65
Top Coats: \$25 to \$45

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

Saks & Company
Announce Beginning This Morning

A Sale of 1200 Pajamas for Men

at \$1.65

In cloths of known dependability

Good pajamas at less than two dollars are few and far between, but these are good pajamas, and there's none like them in the market today.

Tailored right in fine count printed cloths, far from commonplace in patterns and colorings some trimmed with silk frogs.

Small, Medium, Large and Extra Sizes

6000 Men's Kerchiefs

Union Linen with Embroidered Initials

Special 6 for \$1.00

Sott, sheer handkerchiefs in white with initials embroidered in colors or white. Splendid values!

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

makes upon any business done in the country where his muscle competition, and, as a consequence, made a larger margin of profit on his business with Ireland than that on his business with any other country.

"It is not reasonable to say that he made at least another \$100,000,000 upon the business which he did with Ireland in 1913, and under those circumstances we are not at all surprised that why England will not take her hands off the throat of Ireland."

War Declared Futile Unless Ireland Is Free

Pastor Who Attended Leaders of Dublin Uprising Speaks at Meeting Here

Irish republic, and not a cringing supplication for self-determination, should be made of the peace conference, the Rev. Father Augustin, of Dublin, said last night. Father Augustin, who attended the Irish leaders of the uprising in 1916 at their execution, spoke at an anniversary celebration of the Dublin uprising held at the Lexington Theatre under auspices of the Clan-na-Gael.

Justice Edward J. Gavegan presided and Justice Peter A. Hendrick and Mayor Eugene J. Kisseloff, former members of Congress from New Jersey, also spoke.

Jeremiah A. O'Leary still under indictment charged with violation of the espionage act, was in the audience, and a call was made for three cheers for him. The response was feeble. His brother, John J. O'Leary, was applauded as he took his seat on the stage.

Buffalo Soldier Memorial

BUFFALO, April 20.—Lieutenant Colonel Theodore Roosevelt addressed a throng of more than 3,000 persons at a memorial held here this afternoon in honor of Buffalo's soldier dead.

Colonel Roosevelt paid high tribute to the men who died in the war for democracy, and urged that the nation be prepared to meet the future. He referred to the spirit of the American troops, and asserted it was the cosmopolitan character of the army that made possible the democracy with which it was permeated.

We're Up in The Air ABOUT OUR GRASS RUGS. Indeed, we have every reason to be. They are 'way above the heads of other grass rugs even if they are meant to be used under foot.

Put a Grass Rug On Your Floor

and impart to your room the spirit of the prairies. The grasses used in these rugs are grown way out on the rolling plains of Wisconsin and Minnesota. They are tough and fibrous, clean and sweet-smelling.

WE KEEP THEM CLEAN. Before these grasses are woven into rugs they are carefully cleaned. No rough, hard splinters are left among the grasses. They are all carefully smoothed down. You can walk on these rugs in your bare feet. If they were meant for a hospital floor they could not be more sanitary.

Summer Schemes

OF DECORATION may be matched in the patterns and colors of these rugs. The majority of the patterns are woven exclusively for us from designs of our own suggestion, borrowed from Persian, Chinese, Egyptian and Assyrian motifs. There are patterns of a more conventional nature for those who prefer them.

The Green of Outdoors

the green of spring grass, and the woodland green in the shady heart of the woods, harvest browns, blues of skies and waters, the gray of the mist and the rose of a sunrise—Nature's colorings are used in these grass rugs.

They Are All Seamless

and may be had in sizes that range from a small mat 21 x 45 inches to a 12 x 15 foot rug. They are very inexpensive—every room of your home may have a grass rug floor covering for a small outlay.

Prices of the most wanted sizes

21 in. x 45 in. \$1.14
27 in. x 54 in. 1.69
36 in. x 72 in. 2.48
8 ft. x 10 ft. 11.89
9 ft. x 12 ft. 13.89
10 ft. x 12 ft. 13.89
10 ft. x 15 ft. 18.24
12 ft. x 15 ft. 23.14

Fourth Floor, 34th St. Broadway.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street